

Opinion Writing
Sample Lesson Plans

3rd Grade

Simplify Writing

Thank you for downloading this sample. This is meant to give you an example of how our lesson plans are formatted, in order to make sure that this program is a good fit for your classroom.

Please keep in mind that:

- The complete lesson plans members get are fully editable, available in a PowerPoint format.
- Each unit includes:
 - pacing guide
 - mentor text
 - reference texts (if applicable)
 - · teacher lesson plans
 - student pages (available in print + digital formats)
 - conference goals
 - rubrics (teacher + student-friendly)
 - exemplars
- Our members also have access to our full Grammar Library, Intervention Library, and ELL Modification Library.
- We provide training to our teachers on how to use these lessons, so anything you don't understand about the process will be easy to understand after our full, self-paced 8-hour writing training, Success with Simplify Writing®.

Have questions? We'd love to answer them! Just send an email to April@simplifywriting.com.

The Simplify Writing® Method



Bite-Sized Instruction. Students learn best when the writing standards are broken down into short, clear lessons that they can then apply in their own writing. Each of our lessons takes about 10-15 minutes and keeps students engaged and active in the learning experience.



Fluid Grammar. Grammar instruction should naturally flow into student writing. We show teachers how to use our library of grammar tools to better develop the written language skills of their students.



Differentiation. We know firsthand that each classroom is made up of a diverse group of students. Our resources provide the flexibility teachers need to reach students with varying experiences, background knowledge, and ability levels.



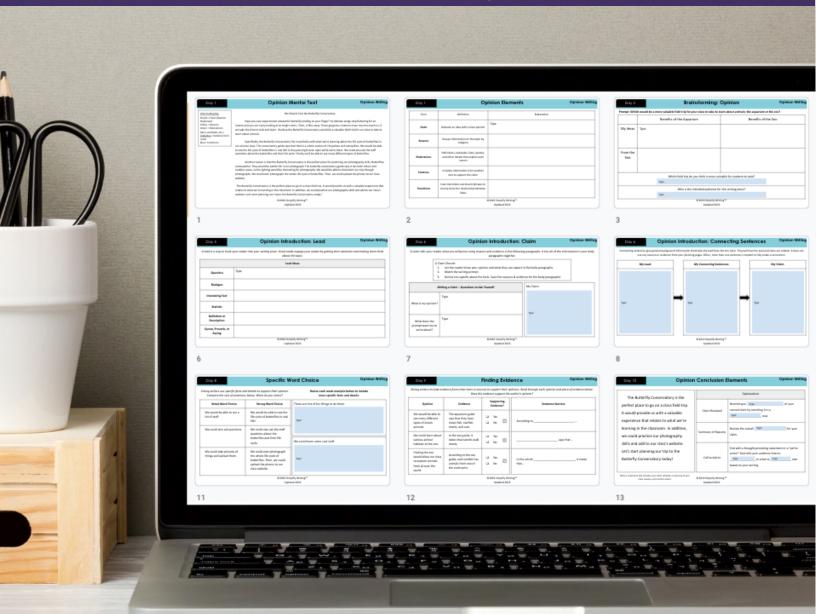
Support. Teachers are more successful when they receive adequate training on a new curriculum. We walk teachers through using the Simplify Writing® materials in every step of their writing instruction, and we provide ongoing email support to address any questions or issues they have in their writing block.

Digital Student Organizers

Google SlidesTM Files

Share in units or easily split into daily files!

Files can be exported for Microsoft OneDrive, SeeSaw, Nearpod, and more!



Pacing Guide

Day 1	Elements of Opinion Writing	pg. 10
Day 2	Brainstorming: Focus on Audience	pg. 16
Day 3	Brainstorming: Focus on Reference Text	pg. 21
Day 4	Planning: Organization	pg. 24
Day 5	Draft Introduction: Focus on L	pg. 28
Day 6	Draft Introduction: Focus on Backgroun ma. & Claim	pg. 34
Day 7	Draft Body Paragraphs: Focus on Fo tting ransitions	pg. 40
Day 8	Draft Body Page 18: For an Expration	pg. 48
Day 9	Droc Rody graph. Focus on Evidence	pg. 52
Day 10	Draft Conclusion	pg. 56
Day 11	Revision	pg. 61
Day 12	Editing	pg. 67
Day 13	Publishing Planning & Final Proofread	pg. 72
Day 14	Optional: Flyer Creation	pg. 78
Day 15	Publishing Party	pg. 81

Opinion Reference Text

Aquarium Guide

Welcome to the aquarium. Here, you'll discover what life is like under the sea! Every year, we host many school groups. This guide will help you find your way around the exhibits.

The Reef

Here, you'll see clown fish, coral, starfish, and eels! The reef is home to many animals. Learn about this tropical habitat when you stop by the reef. Feeding time is daily at 11am. You can see real divers feed the reef animals! Then, talk to the divers when they're done. You can ask them questions and learn about reef wildlife.

The Shark Tank

In this exhibit, you can see whale sharks and blacktip reef shall s we any ther fish. Here, you can learn about what sharks eat. You'll also learn when the with earl shark teeth you can search for and touch.

Stingray Pool

Come see manta rays, leopard whiprays, and the side and from above in this shallow the side and from above in this shallow will also learn what they eat.

Stingrays are masters of came. The eans they can hide by blending into their surroundings. You see to the deal estingray pool.

Icy Waters

Have you ever when the amount of the icy arctic waters? We have a special tank for ocean animals who prefer water. From penguins to beluga whales, seahorses and all kinds of fish, this exhibit is full an also see seals and crabs at this exhibit.

The waters are very cold in this tank. When you visit, you'll learn how animals adapt to live in such cold water. Also, learn how many kids it takes to weigh as much as a beluga! This exhibit is full of fun, but bring your sweater!

The River

The ocean isn't the only place where water animals live. Rivers are also home to lots of fish. Alligators, turtles, and snakes also live in rivers. Learn all about the river habitat at this exhibit. Our exhibit features animals from all around the world. Here, you'll get to know some of the most important rivers in the world. In addition, you'll learn all about the food chain.

Opinion Reference Text

Zoo Guide

Welcome to the zoo! This guide will help you plan your visit. Take a look at the exhibits we have for you to explore. The animals are grouped into areas. Each area has animals from one of the continents. In addition, we have a special reptile and insect house. Come, let's explore!

Asia

In the Asia area, you'll find elephants, tigers, camels, and monkeys! Watch the elephant take a bath with his trunk. You can hear the tigers roar and watch them play. Observe how camels walk slowly. At each enclosure, learn about the unique animals and where they live. You'll also see plants native to Asia in this area.

Africa

Imagine you're on a safari in Africa! What would you see? Some as, filly ons, a hippopotamus, giraffes, and maybe even a lemur. Find these anima the area. Learn about the wildlife and their homes. See the giraffe's black who okeepers feed them at 9am daily. Our staff are also available to answer your fons and time.

Don't forget to stop by the primate house while Africa. You can also see capuchin monkeys the rica.

The Americas

The Americas stretch from Alash the vant ctic waters in the south. In between are tropics, forests, mountains, a property of the two American nent The volves, polar bears, toucans, iguanas, jaguars, and more!

In this area, you a ffferent habitats. That means you'll learn about animal homes. Discover how polar ars live in the cold. Also, learn how jaguars hunt in the jungle. Find out why flamingos are pipe to hope you enjoy your trip through the Americas!

Oceania

In Oceania, you'll see kangaroos and wallabies. Oceania is the only place where these hopping animals live in the wild. They are special animals called marsupials. Learn all about how they live at their exhibit. In our birdhouse, see the kingfisher, owls, and parrots. They are also from this region.

Europe

In Europe, you'll find many of the same animals you find in the Americas. For example, the brown bear, wolves, and goats are found on both continents. But, Europe is the only home to reindeer and some wild pigs. Find out what they need to live and watch them roam around.

Opinion Mentor Text

We Should Visit the Butterfly Conservatory

Have you ever experienced a beautiful butterfly landing on your finger? Its delicate wings stop fluttering for an instant and you can enjoy looking at its bright colors. Then, it flies away. These gorgeous creatures have much to teach us, if we take the time to look and learn. I believe the Butterfly Conservatory would be a valuable field trip for our class to take to learn about animals.

Specifically, the Butterfly Conservatory fits in perfect what we're learning about the life cycle of butterflies in our scient lass ons reatory guide says that there's a whole section of chrysalises and ten would be able to see the life cycle of butterflies in real life! all ight even open while we're there. We could also ask the staff quest about the batterflies and their life cycle. Finally, we'd be able to see many liffer that of butterflies.

Another reason is that terfly nsel tory is the perfect place for practicing our photography skills ttern are beautiful. They would be perfect for us to photograph. The rfly servatory guide says it has both indoor and outdoor areas the limit of the photography. We would be able to docu into trip of the photographs. We could even photograph the whole life cycle. Then, we could upload the photos to our class website.

The Butterfly Conservatory is the perfect place to go on a class field trip. It would provide us with a valuable experience that relates to what we're learning in the classroom. In addition, we could practice our photography skills and add to our class's website. Let's start planning our trip to the Butterfly Conservatory today!

Opinion Writing

Purpose: I can identify the elements of an opinion writing piece.

Standard(s):

• CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.3.1: Write opinion pieces on topics or texts supporting a point of view with reasons.

<u>Materials</u>

Print

- Teacher models (pgs. 12-13)
- Student pages (pgs. 14-15)

Digital

Student Page

Learning Goal

The student will be able to identify specific elements that classify a piece of writing as an opinion text.

Success Criteria

• Criteria 1- The student successfully identifies at least one example of each opinion writing element in the provided text.

Mini-Lesson Steps (15 min.):

- 1. Start by having students think about the topic of butterflies. Discuss that people will often visit a butterfly conservatory to see various types of butterflies in their natural habitat. Introduce the idea of visiting a butterfly conservatory on a field trip by having students share briefly about the benefits of visiting a butterfly conservatory. As students share, point out that they are not only stating their opinion, but also backing it up with reasons or examples.
- 2. Have students brainstorm and identify what ey a by know about the purpose of an opinion text. Rein opinion text is to state an opinion text is to state an opinion with rooms, evidence, examples, and information.
- 3. Display and distribute the mext, Should Visit the Butterfly Conservatory" (pg.14) Readiscuss as needed.
- 4. Using the "Opinion Element check" (pg. 15), read through each element of an clarity as page 4.
- 5. Invite state of the first of the state of the first of the state of the first of the state of
- N (Re) students throughout the unit that they should refer back to this hen writing their own drafts.

tudent Portion (15-30 min.):

- Allow students to continue working through the mentor text activity, using the color-coding checklist system to identify examples of how the author successfully uses opinion elements in their writing. Students will need to justify the specific ways the author accomplishes or illustrates each element using the chart. *Note: This portion of the lesson could also be done with a partner or in small groups.*
- 2. Provide individual conferencing to students, as needed, to check for understanding or provide support for students who are struggling.

Closure (5-7 min.):

1. Have students pair and share their color-coding or review work as a whole class, using pgs. 12 & 13 as a guide.

Opinion Writing

Mini-Lesson Overview

How it sounds:

• "I want you to think about different types of butterflies and where you typically see butterflies. Why do you think it is sometimes difficult to see butterflies? Butterfly conservatories have been established all over the world to allow people to see different types of butterflies. You may even get the chance to see a rare butterfly, or better yet, let it land on your finger! Now think about field trips. Remember that the purpose of a field trip is to learn something new or make a connection between what you are learning in the classroom and the world around you. Let's say you were going to propose a new field trip to your principal. What would be some benefits of visiting a local butterfly conservatory that you could share with your principal?" [Allow students think time, as well as time to share with a partner small group.]

 "While sharing, were you able to state your opinion and also back up your opinion with reasons, evidence, or examples? Good opinion writers not only state an opinion, but also provide the necessary details and information to make their opinion stronger."

- "Today, our goal is to learn about a new writing genre: Opinion wing. When the what they think the purpose of opinion writing is? What do you think a good include?" [Allow students to share ideas, reinforcing the purpose as opinion writing is to convince your audience to share your opinion about opport it with reasons, evidence, examples, and information."
- "Let's look at an example of an opinion text titled, 'We S' Vis utte Conservatory'". [Distribute mentor text pg. 14 and read out loud with state of the discuss as needed.]
- "Now let's use the provided checklist so that we ident use the provided checklist so that we ident use back to this checklist when you are writing your own opinion pieces." [Diployed and discussion of the provided checklist so that we ident use back to this checklist when you are writing your own opinion pieces." [Diployed and discussion of the provided checklist so that we ident use back to this checklist when you are writing your own opinion pieces." [Diployed and discussion of the provided checklist so that we ident use back to this checklist when you are writing your own opinion pieces." [Diployed and discussion of the provided checklist when you are writing your own opinion pieces." [Diployed and discussion of the provided checklist when you are writing your own opinion pieces." [Diployed and discussion of the provided checklist when you are writing your own opinion pieces." [Diployed and discussion of the provided checklist when you are writing your own opinion pieces." [Diployed and discussion of the provided checklist when you are writing your own opinion pieces." [Diployed and discussion of the provided checklist when you are writing your own opinion pieces." [Diployed and discussion of the provided checklist when you are writing your own opinion pieces." [Diployed and discussion of the provided checklist when you are writing your own opinion pieces."]
- "Using the color-coding system, let's us example of where the author uses to students' first exposure to this term ay. We have the students' first exposure to this term ay. We have the first row on the students' first exposure to this term and complete the first row on the students' first exposure to this term and complete the first row on the students' first exposure to this term and complete the first row on the students' first exposure to this term and complete the first row on the students' first exposure to this term and complete the first row on the students' first exposure to this term and complete the first row on the students' first exposure to this term and complete the first row on the students' first exposure to this term and complete the first row on the students' first exposure to this term and complete the first row on the students' first exposure to this term are students' first exposure to this term and complete the first row on the students' first exposure to this term and complete the first row on the students' first exposure to this term are students' first exposure to the students' first expo
- "Now it's your too. I way you the author successed by illustrates of the ways the author successed by illustrates of your students, this part of the lesson may be done in small groups, or your students, this part of the lesson may be done in small groups, or your students.]

Note: Remind students around the unit that they should refer back to this checklist when writing their own drafts.

Chechighlight any modifications you will make for this particular lesson:				
Strategies for Gifted & Talented Learners		Strategies for Students with Disabilities or ELL		
Provide opportunity for further research on a related topic Allow for the production of a multimedia or visual presentation to accompany the writing piece Use of advanced supplementary/reading materials Allow for flexible grouping or collaborative writing opportunities based on ability or interest		Pre-Teach/Re-Teach concepts Provide additional examples Provide additional work time Allow for differentiated product Chunk Tasks Allow for Student Dictation Language Scaffolds (i.e.: sentence frames) Peer Mentor		

Opinion Mentor Text

We Should Visit the Butterfly Conservatory

Teacher Model

Have you ever experienced a beautiful butterfly landing on your finger? Its delicate wings stop fluttering for an instant and you can enjoy looking at its bright colors. Then, it flies away. These gorgeous creatures have much to teach us, if we take the time to look and learn. I believe the Butterfly Conservatory would be a valuable field trip for our class to take to learn about animals.

Specifically, the Butterfly Conservatory fits in perfectly with what we're learning about the life cycle of butterflies in our science clas servatorv guide says that there's a whole section of chrysalises e would be able to see the life cycle of butterflies in real life! A chry n open while we're there. We could also ask the staff question utterflies and their life cycle. Finally, we'd be able to see many did of putterflies.

Another reason is that the vatory is the perfect place for practicing our photography skills, ∕ul. They would be perfect beabfor us to photograph. The butte story guide says it has both indoor and e interesting for photography. We would be outdoor areas, so the live h photographs. We could even photograph the able to docup whole life c é of butter n, we could upload the photos to our class website.

The Box In Conservatory is the perfect place to go on a class field trip. It would provide us with a valuable experience that relates to what we're learning in the classroom. In addition, we could practice our photography skills and add to our class's website. Let's start planning our trip to the Butterfly Conservatory today!

Color-Coding Key

Purple = Claim (Opinion Statement)

Yellow = Reasons

Green = Elaborations (facts, examples, etc.)

Underline= Evidence from a text

Blue = Transitions

Updated 2022

Opinion Elements

Teacher Model

Term	Definition	Explanation
Claim	Declares an idea with a clear opinion	The claim is: "I believe the Butterfly Conservatory would be a valuable field trip for our class to take to learn about animals."
Reasons	Groups information on the topic by category	Each paragra giv ey reason. The firste tells this reason, and he related to e topic.
Elaborations	Definitions, e ples, facts, and other ails that ex m the remarks the control of t	It with sives elaborations that support each key reason. For example, hey give the example that they can see (and learn about) the life cycle in person at the conservatory.
<u>Evidence</u>	Inclues information another text to support the claim	The essay gives information from the butterfly conservatory guide.
Transitions	Uses transitions words and phrases to clearly show the relationship between ideas	The author uses words & phrases like "Specifically," and "Another reason" to transition between different categories within the same topic.

Opinion Mentor Text

We Should Visit the Butterfly Conservatory

Have you ever experienced a beautiful butterfly landing on your finger? Its delicate wings stop fluttering for an instant and you can enjoy looking at its bright colors. Then, it flies away. These gorgeous creatures have much to teach us, if we take the time to look and learn. I believe the Butterfly Conservatory would be a valuable field trip for our class to take to learn about animals.

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vatory is the perfect place for Another reason is that the $CO\lambda$ practicing our photography skills, beak Jul. They would be perfect for us to photograph. The butte story guide says it has both indoor and √con e interesting for photography. We would be outdoor areas, so the light ω able to docup th photographs. We could even photograph the é of butter (s.) In we could upload the photos to our class whole life c website.

The Bindy Conservatory is the perfect place to go on a class field trip. It would provide us with a valuable experience that relates to what we're learning in the classroom. In addition, we could practice our photography skills and add to our class's website. Let's start planning our trip to the Butterfly Conservatory today!

Color-Coding Key

Purple = Claim (Opinion Statement)

Yellow = Reasons

Green= Elaborations (facts, examples, etc.)

Underline= Evidence from a text

Blue= Transitions

Opinion Elements

Term	Definition	Explanation
Claim	Declares an idea with a clear opinion	
Reasons	Groups information on the topic by category	
Elaborations	Definitions, example facts, quotes, a other details the olar character facts.	
Evidence	Includes information another text to support the claim	
Transitions	Uses transitions words and phrases to clearly show the relationship between ideas	

Opinion Writing

Purpose: I can brainstorm appropriate ideas that address a provided opinion prompt. I can choose an audience that will benefit from my writing.

Standard(s):

- CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.3.1: Write opinion pieces on topics or texts supporting a point of view with reasons.
- <u>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.3.1.A</u>: Introduce the topic or text they are writing about, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure that lists reasons.

Materials

Print

- Teacher models (pgs. 18-19)
- Student page (pg. 20)

Digital

Student Pages

Learning Goal

Students will be able to respond to an opinion writing prompt by brainstorming topic ideas. Students will also be able to choose a specific audience for their opinion writing piece.

Success Criteria

- Criteria 1- The student brainstorms at least 3 ideas that support each side of the prompt.
- Criteria 2- The student pinpoints a specific and appropriate audience for their opinion writing prompt.

Mini-Lesson Steps (15 min.):

- 1. Display the following prompt: Which would be a more valuable field trip for your class to take to learn about animals: the Butterfly Conservatory or the Natural History Museum?
- 2. Display the teacher model "Brainstorming" chart (pg. 19). Model how to brainstorm ideas that align to the promp "My Ideas" section using pg. 18 as a guide. Note: The purposition of the prompt. The purposition of the prompt. The purposition of the purpositio
- 3. Introduce or reintroduce the that writers write with a specific audience in mind. Give sty this statement means. Inforce to concept, provide students with a few topic ideas and the students with a specific audience for each topic lister.
- 4. Model how ainst idea the intended audience of this writing to stude shart input. Discuss how the ideas previous brain med in the "My Ideas" section may need to be a ber fit for the intended audience.

den tion 30 min.):

- following prompt: Which would be a more valuable field trip work ass to take to learn about animals: the aquarium or the zoo? students with a copy of the "Brainstorming" chart (pg. 20). Encourage students to brainstorm at least three benefits for each possible field trip. Note: Students need to brainstorm the top "My Ideas" first. This is very important to do BEFORE reading the reference texts, which will be done in the next lesson.
- 3. Students will brainstorm and choose an intended audience for their opinion writing piece. Students should add any other ideas that would help target their chosen audience. *Note: Students will NOT choose a side until the next lesson.*

Closure (5-7 min.):

1. Have students pair and share their brainstormed ideas with a partner. Peers may provide feedback.

Opinion Writing

Mini-Lesson Overview

How it sounds:

- "Yesterday, we discussed all of the elements in an opinion writing piece. As a writer, it is important to state your opinion and support it with strong reasons and evidence."
- "Today, I'll give you a prompt and we will practice brainstorming ideas. First, we will look at an example prompt. I will show you how I would brainstorm ideas. Then, I will give you a new prompt to write about." [Display teacher model "Brainstorming" chart pg. 19.] "As I display the prompt, I want you to read and ask yourself: What is the prompt asking?"
- "Good writers brainstorm their ideas before they choose a side and start writing. I am going to brainstorm ideas so that I can make a decision about which field trip location I believe will be the best option for my class to learn about animals. I am going to try to come up with at least three benefits for both the Butterfly Conservatory and the Natural Hist um." [Model how to brainstorm ideas in the "My Ideas" section of the chi using [18]
- "All writers should write with a specific audience in mind." [] nts to share input on the appropriate audience for various topic ideas , The Best Pet to Get, etc.).] "Now, let's look at the prompt and my ould be my intended audience for this writing piece? Knowing our audience write, so we can tailor our writing to fit that audience. Let's think about w fit from reading this piece of (ight b opinion writing." [With student input, model bow to b pecific audience.] "I will be torn re to take their classes to learn writing to an audience of teachers who are de about animals. With this in mind, I ag to N ιack ideas to add a few reasons that would be attractive or persuasiv hers
- "Now, it is your turn. I will give your product and you will work through the process of brainstorming. First, read the grown dask arself: What is the prompt asking?" [Distribute "Brainstorming" chart production of the grown o
- "Today, you rains m fi for each any other texts. It is important for you to write dow our own idea and idea and idea and ideas to the chart using outside texts, and idea an

Check or highlight any modifications you will make for this particular lesson: Stratogies for Cifted & Talented Learners Stratogies for Students with Disabilities or ELL			
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Teacher Model

Teacher Prompt: Which would be a more valuable field trip for your class to take to learn about animals: the Butterfly Conservatory or the Natural History Museum?

	Benefits of the Butterfly Conservatory	Benefits of the Natural History Museum
My Ideas	 We can ask questions about the butterfly life cycle. We will see many different types of butterflies. We can take pictures of butterflies. 	 Wan s an al fossils. We cheat out many simals.
From the Text		
Which field trip do you think is more valuable for students to take?		

Who is the intended audience for this writing piece?

3rd Grade Teachers

Teacher Model

Teacher Prompt: Which would be a more valuable field trip for your class to take to learn about animals: the Butterfly Conservatory or the Natural History Museum?

	Benefits of the Butterfly Conservatory	Benefits of the Natural History Museum
My Ideas		
From the Text		

Who is the intended audience for this writing piece?

Prompt: Which would be a more valuable field trip for your class to take to learn about animals: the aquarium or the zoo?

	Benefits of the Aquarium	Benefits of the Zoo	
My Ideas			
From the Text			
Wh	nich field trip do you think is more	valuable for students to take?	
	Who is the intended audience for this writing piece?		

Opinion Writing

Purpose: I can expand on my ideas and use evidence from a provided text to support my opinion and make my ideas stronger. I can choose a side to form a claim for my opinion essay.

Standard(s):

- CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.3.1: Write opinion pieces on topics or texts supporting a point of view with reasons.
- <u>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.3.1.A</u>: Introduce the topic or text they are writing about, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure that lists reasons.
- <u>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.3.8</u>: Recall information from experiences or gather information from print and digital sources; take brief notes on sources and sort evidence into provided categories.

Materials

Print

- Teacher model (pg. 23)
- Student pages (pgs. 7-8, 20)

Digital

Student Pages

Learning Goal

Students will be able to generate elaborations and text-based evidence to support their ideas and opinion and choose a topic to form a claim that addresses the provided prompt.

Success Criteria

- Criteria 1- The student elaborates on their ideas by referencing provided text.
- Criteria 2- The student chooses one topic from their brainstorming sheet to form an opinion claim which answers the provided prompt.

Mini-Lesson Steps (15 min.):

- 1. Review the purpose of brainstorming. Display the teacher model "Brainstorming" chart pg. 19 from the previous lesson.
- 2. Explain that today, students will read two reference texts and use these to continue brainstorming deas. The light choose a side to write a claim that addresses from:
- 3. Direct students' attention to the "so n of the chart. Model how to add related pieces of that can be summarized or texts for the teacher process."

 This victs teacher example and should be done purely for deling poses.
- 4. Model how to claim to based on the brainstormed ideas. Note: The control of water than to day is simply to choose a write the claim today is simply to the choose a write the choose

Port 15-30 min.):

- te the reference texts, "Aquarium Guide" and "Zoo Guide"

 Students should take out their "Brainstorming" chart (pg. m the previous lesson.
 - that highlight big benefits. Students will write details in the "From the Text" row. Students should just be providing basic elaborations. Students will go more in-depth in the next lesson. Note: Students should use the reference texts to find reasons that support their opinion. At this grade level, there need not be a strong emphasis on quoting the text; simple paraphrasing is acceptable.
- 3. Students will choose one field trip location to focus on for their opinion piece and write a claim statement on the chart.

Closure (5-7 min.):

1. Have students share their topic selection with a partner. Teachers could also have students move to a particular side of the room to designate which field trip location they have chosen to write about.

Opinion Writing

Mini-Lesson Overview

How it sounds:

- "Yesterday, you brainstormed ideas for each side of the prompt you were given. This helps you begin to think about which side you might choose to write about." [Display the teacher model "Brainstorming" chart pg. 19 from the previous lesson.]
- "Today, we will read two reference texts and use this to help us brainstorm more reasons that support each side. Then, we will choose a side to write about it." [Review the teacher model prompt.]
- "Yesterday, I listed my own ideas about this prompt. Now, I am going to find some information from an outside text that will help me support my own ideas. I will paraphrase by recording a brief summary of any information from the tyt I find helpful on the bottom section of my sheet. Remember that parzyhrasing examples and ideas from the text means that I don't co for-ryord. To save e te time, I am going to record a few summary statements from (ore/ usly read on the Butterfly Conservatory and the Natural History Muccum read these texts together, but do you see how I was able to find exa nce to support why these field trip locations could be a great option lelp s earn more about h of the chart, using pg. 23 animals?" [Model how to complete the "From the " sej as a guide. Note: There are no reference the c 'r prompt. This is strictly a teacher example and should be don lly fò delh irposes.1
- "Now that I have fully brainstorm ble to ake a cision that relates to my prompt. I am going to write my state at the bottom of this sheet. I think the Butterfly Conserve wood be a more valuable field trip."
- "Now, it is wurn! will be used to the prompt y were given the dead each text and look for any big benefits for that field trip tes on each side of the 'From the Text' section of your chart. Once your able. Write an opinion statement at the bottom of your chart."

Che highlight any modifications you will make for this particular lesson:			
Strategies for Gifted & Talented Learners	Strategies for Students with Disabilities or ELL		
 Provide opportunity for further research on a related topic Allow for the production of a multimedia or visual presentation to accompany the writing piece Use of advanced supplementary/reading materials Allow for flexible grouping or collaborative writing opportunities based on ability or interest 	 □ Pre-Teach/Re-Teach concepts □ Provide additional examples □ Provide additional work time □ Allow for differentiated product □ Chunk Tasks □ Allow for Student Dictation □ Language Scaffolds (i.e.: sentence frames) □ Peer Mentor 		

Teacher Model

Teacher Prompt: Which would be a more valuable field trip for your class to take to learn about animals: the Butterfly Conservatory or the Natural History Museum?

	Benefits of the Butterfly Conservatory	Benefits of the Natural History Museum
My Ideas	 We can ask questions about the butterfly life cycle. We will see many different types of butterflies. We can take pictures of butterflies. 	 We can ea hal fossils. We le out many nimals.
From the Text	• There's a no ect of rpillars. • outdoor eas.	 The Hall of Dinosaurs features 46 complete dinosaurs. There is an insect zoo.

Which field trip do you think is more valuable for students to take?

The Butterfly Conservatory would be a more valuable field trip.

Who is the intended audience for this writing piece?

3rd Grade Teachers

Opinion Writing

Purpose: I can organize and group my ideas and reasons.

Standard(s):

- <u>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.3.1:</u> Write opinion pieces on topics or texts supporting a point of view with reasons.
- <u>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.3.1.A</u>: Introduce the topic or text they are writing about, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure that lists reasons.
- <u>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.3.8</u>: Recall information from experiences or gather information from print and digital sources; take brief notes on sources and sort evidence into provided categories.

Materials

Print

- Teacher model (pg. 26)
- Student page (pg. 27) Digital
- Student Page

Learning Goal

Students will be able to gather their information and sort it into categories. Students will organize their elaborations, facts, and details based on their categories.

Success Criteria

- Criteria 1- T student organizes the into 2-4 cates
- **Criteria 2-** The stuorganizes their elaborations based on their categories.

Mini-Lesson Steps (15 min.):

- 1. Explain to students that an outline can help writers categorize and organize their brainstorming ideas. Refer "Brainstorming" chart teached organizing and grouping ideas a least seaso.
- 2. Display the "Planning: Organization Nodel how to organize the teacher ideas storming page into . Then, add evidence: categories (reasons) usid and other details facts, definitions, exa (s, quo (elaborations) lage should go far more in depth עחמצ on the reaso ન્નe on the Brainstorm page. √hat`
- 3. Rememble consist by rece the "Opinion Elements" checkly and ed on 1 to hind students of the elements that uld be uded in an opinion writing piece.

Porti (15-30 min.):

- ute lanning: Organization" (pg. 27). Students will ze their ideas from their "Brainstorming" chart (pg. 20) and ut the chart accordingly. Students should be instructed to find at least three ways to elaborate on each idea using a combination of facts, details, examples, and/or paraphrased ideas from the text.
- 2. Provide individual conferencing as needed to ensure students are successfully categorizing and elaborating on their ideas.

Note: Teachers can let students find additional texts or conduct further research to support their claim as differentiation for more advanced students.

Closure (5-7 min.):

1. Students will pair and share their outlines. Students should explain their thought process when grouping their ideas as well as elaborate on their related facts, examples, details, and ideas from the text. Students can provide peer feedback if time allows.

Opinion Writing

Mini-Lesson Overview

How it sounds:

- "Now that we have brainstormed our ideas and related details, it is important to organize and group related ideas together. We can do this using a graphic organizer." [Display "Planning: Organization" chart pg. 27 and teacher model "Brainstorming" chart pg. 19 from Day 3.]
- "Let's use my teacher example about the Butterfly Conservatory to practice grouping the ideas into 2 categories. We should focus on grouping ideas that are related or similar." [Model how to list the reasons using pg. 26 as a guide.] "I have several ideas that are related to learning about butterflies, so I'll make that my first reason. I will make my second category related to photography, because I have some detail on the text that support that idea."
- "Now, it is your turn. Look back at your 'Brainst ng' chand ecide on at least 2 categories you will be able to expand on. These changes on the graphic organizer will not only the
- "Remember the checklist that a mple on Day 1. We want to make sure that when we fill out our graphic or ers we include all the facts, details, and examples that will make our opinion ting ece best that it can be."

highlight any **modifications** you will make for this particular lesson: Strategies for Gifted & Talented Learners Strategies for Students with Disabilities or ELL Provide opportunity for further research on a Pre-Teach/Re-Teach concepts related topic Provide additional examples Allow for the production of a multimedia or visual Provide additional work time presentation to accompany the writing piece Allow for differentiated product Use of advanced supplementary/reading materials **Chunk Tasks** Allow for flexible grouping or collaborative writing Allow for Student Dictation opportunities based on ability or interest Language Scaffolds (i.e.: sentence frames) Peer Mentor

Planning: Organization

Teacher Model

Use the ideas from your brainstorming page to create an organized outline of your writing. Only use the column on your brainstorming page that goes with the field trip you chose. Come up with 2-4 main reasons that support your claim. Four rows are provided for up to four reasons, but you can use less or more depending on your ideas.

Main Reasons	Elaborations: facts, definitions, and examples
We're learning about the life cycle of butterflies in class.	 There's a whole section of chrysalises and caterpillars. (from the guide) See the life cycle in real life A chrysalis might open Ask the staff questions See many types of butte
We can practice photography skills.	- Beautiful - It has be or adoor areas. (from the guir Din nt lighting Do ent up through photos - oto ph the life cycle ad photos to class website
	©2019 Simplify Writing®

Planning: Organization

Use the ideas from your brainstorming page to create an organized outline of your writing. Only use the column on your brainstorming page that goes with the field trip you chose. Come up with 2-4 main reasons that support your claim. Four rows are provided for up to four reasons, but you can use less or more depending on your ideas.

Main Reasons	Elaborations: facts, definitions, and examples

Opinion Writing

Purpose: I can write a lead as part of an introduction for my opinion writing piece.

Standard(s):

- <u>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.3.1:</u> Write opinion pieces on topics or texts supporting a point of view with reasons.
- <u>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.3.1.A</u>: Introduce the topic or text they are writing about, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure that lists reasons.

Materials

Print

- Teacher models (pgs. 30, 32)
- Student pages (pgs. 31, 33)

Digital

Student Pages

Learning Goal

Students will examine different components of an introduction. Students will brainstorm lead options for the introduction of their opinion writing piece.

Success Criteria

- Criteria 1- T dent brainstorn t least 3 different le chosen opinion writin topic.
- Criteria 2- The student collaborates in a small group setting, sharing their lead, and providing feedback to fellow peers.
- Criteria 3- Based on small group feedback, the student selects a lead for their opinion writing piece.

Mini-Lesson Steps (15 min.):

- Explain that the introduction paragraph of opinion writing has three parts: A lead, connecting sentences, and a claim.
 Reinforce that today's lesson will focus on developing a lead for their writing.
- 2. Distribute "Opinion Intro tion E lent pg. 31). Using the model, review the definition of lent pg. 31). Using the nnec g sentences, and claim.
- 3. Read the introduction the stor text and guide students through identifying as a guide. Stud hould high each part on their own page.
- 4. Explain ts the disa way to hook the reader into your ng phone disa way to hook the reader into disa way to hook the reader by getting disable way to h
- 5. play ion Introduction: Lead" (pg. 33). Review the ent opens for creating a lead. Using the teacher-selected top m the previous lesson, model lead ideas that fit each ateg v using pg. 32 as a guide. The teacher will model osing the question option.

student Portion (15-30 min.):

- 1. Distribute "Opinion Introduction: Lead" (pg. 33). Students will brainstorm at least 3 different leads for their topic, using the teacher guide from the mini lesson as a model. Encourage students to brainstorm more than 3 leads, if possible.
- 2. In small groups, students will share their lead ideas and take turns giving and receiving feedback.
- 3. Students will make a final decision on their lead based on small group feedback.

Closure (5-7 min.):

1. Students can share their chosen lead with a partner, in a small group, or to the whole class.

Opinion Writing

Mini-Lesson Overview

How it sounds:

- "For today's lesson, we will focus on the different parts that go into an introduction for our opinion writing pieces. First, let's review: What is the purpose of an introduction? What pieces do you think need to be in an introduction for an opinion writing piece?"
- [Display and distribute "Opinion Introduction Elements" pg. 31.] "A strong opinion introduction has three parts: a lead, connecting sentences, and a claim. Let's define each of these parts first so that we can make sure we understand why they are important." [Review each definition as needed using pg. 30 as a guide, while students take notes on their copy.]
- "Now, let's look at the introduction from our mentor text and see if we can identify each of the three parts. We will highlight each part." [Model how to highlight the mentor text example, with student input.]
- "Today, let's focus on what a lead is and why it is import. Can thember the purpose of a lead?" [Allow students to share.] "Great lead their attention and making them think about your topic"
- [Display "Opinion Introduction: Lead" organizer pg for leads in opinion writing. Using my graphic of ideas for each of the lead options based on my to student input, model writing each lead to the control of the lead options based on my to graphic organizer pg for lead to the control of the lead options based on my to graphic organizer pg for leads in opinion Introduction: Lead" organizer pg for leads in opinion writing. Using my graphic organizer pg for leads in opinion writing. Using my graphic organizer pg for leads in opinion writing. Using my graphic organizer pg for leads in opinion writing. Using my graphic organizer pg for leads in opinion writing. Using my graphic organizer pg for leads in opinion writing. Using my graphic organizer pg for leads in opinion writing. Using my graphic organizer pg for leads in opinion writing. Using my graphic organizer pg for leads in opinion writing and opinion writing are sufficiently as a second organizer pg for leads in opinion writing and opinion writing are sufficiently as a second organizer pg for leads in opinion writing are sufficiently as a second organizer pg for leads in opinion writing are sufficiently as a second organizer pg for leads in opinion writing are sufficiently as a second organizer pg for leads in opinion writing are sufficiently as a second organizer pg for leads in opinion writing are sufficiently as a second organizer pg for leads in opinion writing are sufficiently as a second organizer pg for leads in opinion writing are sufficiently as a second organizer pg for leads in opinion writing are sufficiently as a second organizer pg for leads in opinion writing are sufficiently as a second organizer pg for leads in opinion writing are sufficiently as a second organizer pg for leads in opinion writing are sufficiently as a second organizer pg for leads in opinion writing are sufficiently as a second organizer product organizer pg for leads in opinion writing are sufficiently as a second organizer product organizer product organizer product organ
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Opinion Introduction Elements

Teacher Model

The introduction paragraph of opinion writing has 3 parts:

- 1. Lead
- 2. Connecting sentences
- 3. A focused claim

Have you ever experienced a beautiful butterfly landing on your finger? Its delicate wings stop fluttering for an instant and you can enjoy looking at its bright colors. Then, it flies away. These gorgeous creatures have much to teach us, if we take the Butterfly Conservator out a variable field trip for our class to take to learn about anil.

Explanation					
Lead Connecting Sentences	A lead is a way your reader into your writing te. It leads your reader by the ttendon and making them think about the ecting sentence is general information that helps he lead into the claim. It tells how the lead and claim are related. It does not use any reasons or evidence from your planning pages.				
Claim (Opinion Statement)	A claim tells your reader what you and what you will using reasons and evidence in the following paragraphs. It ties all of the information in your body paragraphs together.				

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Opinion Introduction: Lead

Teacher Model

A lead is a way to hook your reader into your writing piece. Great leads engage your reader by getting their attention and making them think about the topic.

Lead Ideas				
Question	Have you ever experienced a beautiful butterfly landing on your finger? Its delicate wings stop fluttering for an instant and you can enjoy looking at its bright colors. Then, it flies vay.			
Dialogue	"Wow, did you see that morarch ten, I exclaimed. "I've never set on ha g!"			
Interesting Fact	Even though ks lik utt jes have two wings, they actual have ur wings total.			
Statist	The r nb of monarch butterflies are down 90% in years.			
Definition or Description	Butterflies are flying insects with large scaly wings. They have 6 jointed legs, 3 body parts, a pair of antennae, compound eyes, and an exoskeleton.			
Quote, Proverb, or Saying	Alice Walker once said, "In nature, nothing is perfect, but everything is perfect."			

Opinion Introduction: Lead

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Lead Ideas				
Question				
Dialogue				
Interesting Fact				
Statist				
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